PZU Group's Financial Results in Q3 2013



Warsaw, 14 November 2013

Agenda



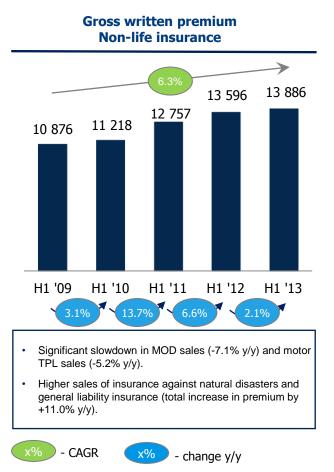
1 Insurance Market in Poland in H1 2013

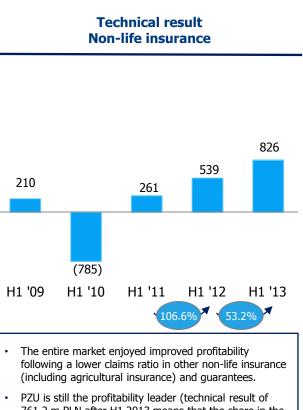
- 2. Operating Performance in Q3 2013
- 3. Shareholders value
- 4. Financial Results Overview in Q3 2013
- 5. Questions and Answers

Non-Life Insurance Market In Poland



m PLN



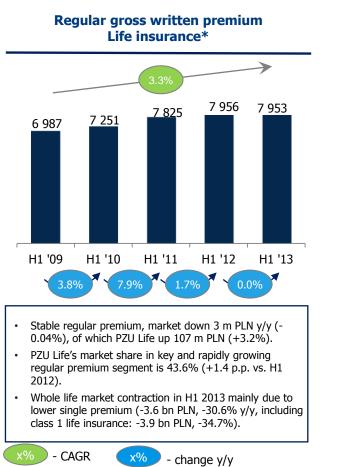


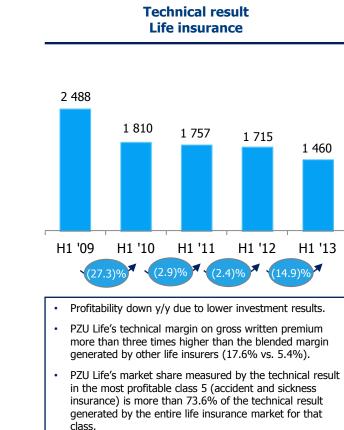
761.2 m PLN after H1 2013 means that the share in the market's technical result increased 14.5 p.p. to 92.1% while its market share measured by premium was 31.2%).

Life Insurance Market In Poland



m PLN





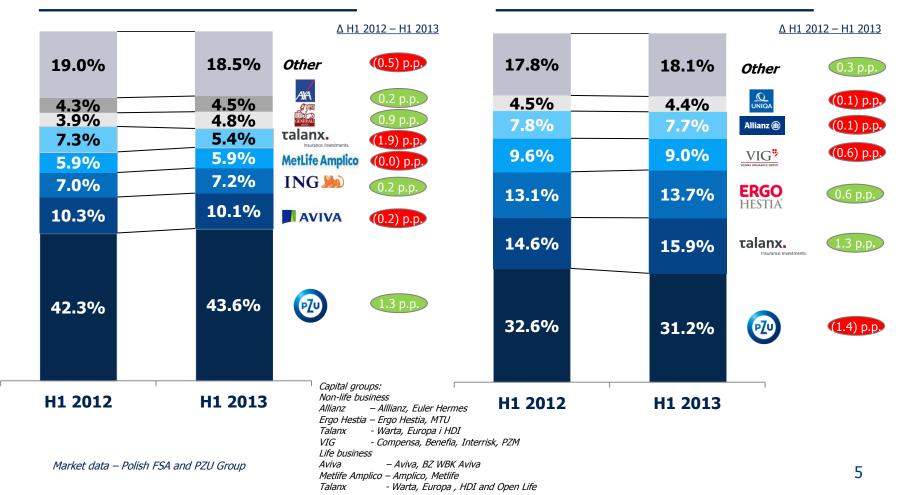
Polish FSA data; only for Polish insurance market

* Figures concerning market growth may be distorted by certain insurers classyfying products similar to single premium products as regular premium business.

PZU Is the Leader in the Insurance Sector in Poland



PZU Life's market share Life insurance (regular premium) PZU's market share Non-life insurance



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Profitability Increase and Restrictive Cost Policy due to Realization of the Strategy



Implemented strategy provided good financial results through:

- Restrictive cost policy
- Optimized claims handling processes and high operation efficiency
- Enhanced profitability in mass and corporate client segments
 - lower claims frequency in motor insurance (effect of favorable road conditions)
 - significantly lower level of claims ratio caused by natural forces in agricultural insurance
- High profitability in the group and individually continued insurance segment net of the conversion effect from long-term to yearly-renewable term contracts
 - modification of individual continuation rider and moderate growth in the claims ratio on the segment's protection products

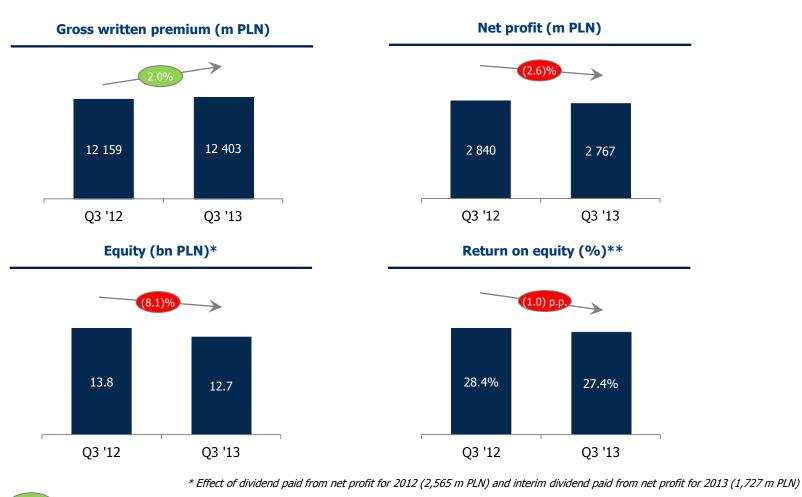
Strategy of changing asset allocation contributed to containing the decline in the investment result

- Recovery returns to the capital market following strong growth a year ago
 - $_{\odot}$ WIG index growth in Q3 2013 (+6.0% compared to +16.3% in Q3 2012)
 - higher bond yields compared to 2012's historical lows

Overview of the PZU Group's Financial Results in Q3 2013



YTD



** Annualized ratio, computed using equity at beginning and end of reporting period.

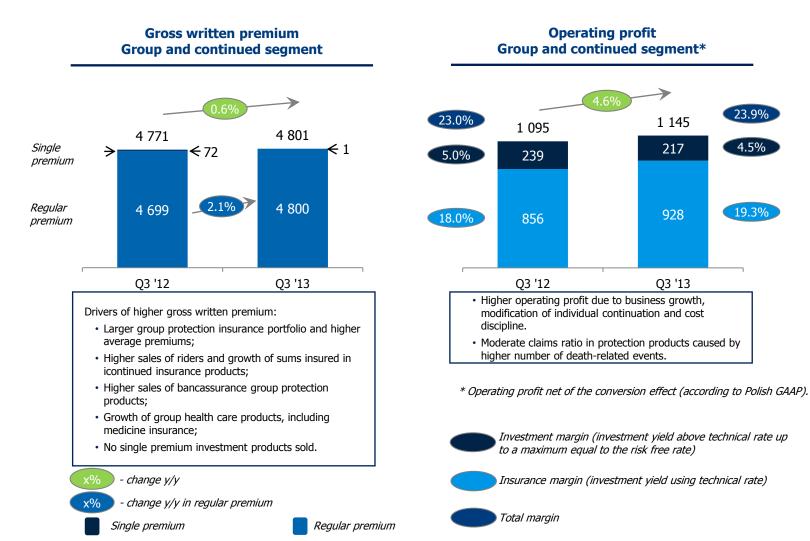
- change y/y

Group Life Insurance and Continued Business Grow Steadily and Profitably



9

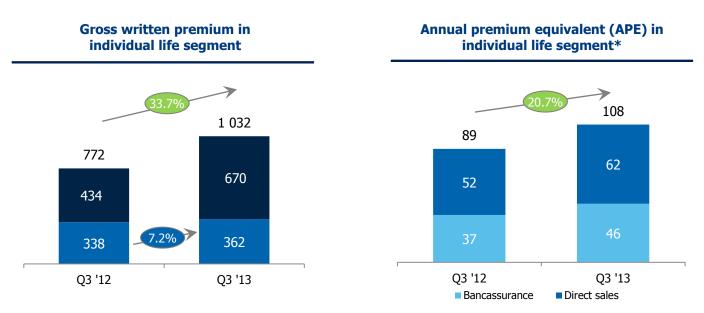
YTD



Individual Insurance Is Growing Rapidly



YTD, m PLN



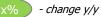
High sales of individual products in the bancassurance channel:

• Unit-linked products in cooperation with Bank Millennium;

• Structured products in cooperation with Bank Citi Handlowy.

High level of additional contributions to individual retirement accounts (IKEs) and higher sales of structured products in own channel in Q3 2013 y/y.

Stable sales of other protection and investment products in the demanding traditional distribution channels.



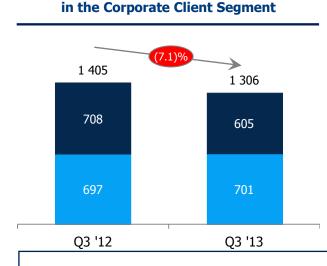
- change y/y in regular premium

Single premium

Increased Profitability in the Tough Corporate Client Segment



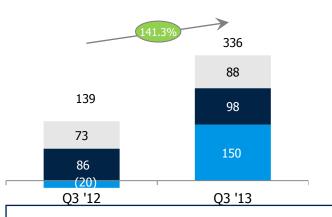
YTD, m PLN



Gross written premium

- Lower sales of medical accident insurance to patients (hospitals accident insurance – compulsory insurance in H1 2012); growth rate net of hospitals accident insurance was -3.6%.
- Motor insurance sales down: fierce competition squeezing rates and continued poor condition of domestic car market.
- Higher premiums on fire and other damage and loss property insurance driven by higher sales to fuel & energy and mining industries.

Operating profit in the Corporate Client Segment



- Higher profitability of non-motor business (mainly financial insurance) largely as a result of the high loss ratio in the previous year (collapse of the construction market in mid-2012) and implementation of a new pricing policy raising the bar on underwriting.
- Higher profitability of motor insurance following lower claims frequency and curtailing unprofitable clients (change in underwriting policy).



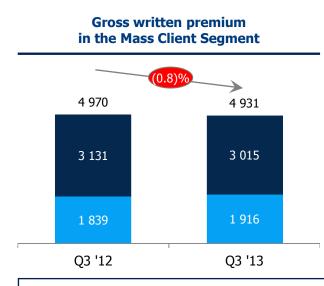
change y/y

Impact of allocated income from the Investment Segment

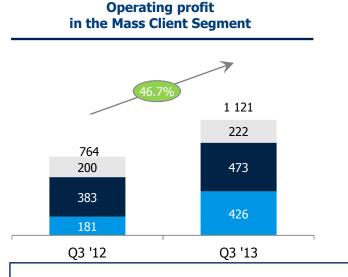
Profitability Up in the Mass Client Segment



YTD, m PLN



- Lower GWP in TPL insurance lower renewal level, fierce competition squeezing rates and poor condition of domestic car market.
- Lower GWP in motor own damage lower sums insured and higher discounts for accident-free driving (aging portfolio).
- Higher sums insured on farm buildings in compulsory insurance revaluation.
- Price hikes in farmers' compulsory TPL insurance.
- Higher sales in PZU Dom Plus and PZU Doradca products.



- Lower level of claims caused by natural forces (i.e. negative effects of overwintering and ground frost) – claims down in compulsory subsidized crop insurance by approx. PLN 165 m y/y.
- Loss ratio improvement in motor TPL as an effect of favorable weather conditions and less traffic.
- Higher "Impact of allocated income from the Investment Segment" due to better investment result in portfolio hedging FX-denominated insurance liabilities.



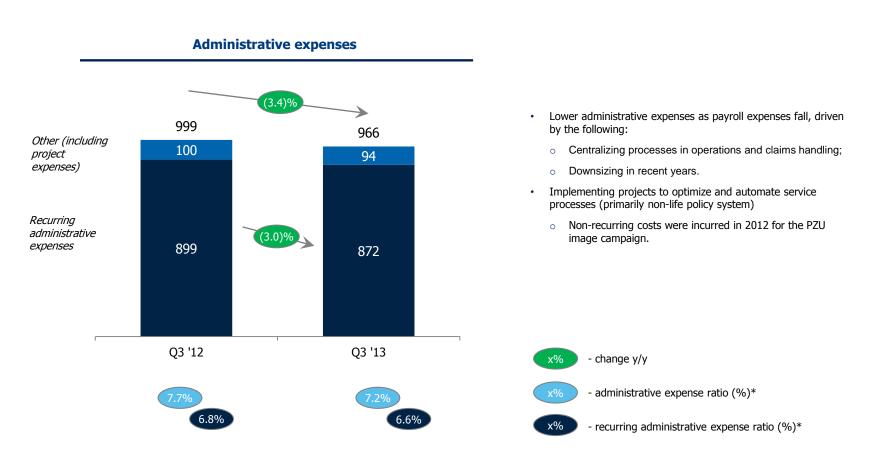
change y/y

Impact of allocated income from the Investment Segment

Lower Administrative Expenses as a Result of Process Optimization







* Administrative expense ratio: administrative expenses / net earned premium – sum of insurance business segments in Poland.

Everest – "Go-live" New policy system for non-life insurance



According to plan, on 18 November 2013 we will rollout the Everest Platform and the PZU Auto product on a small-scale pilot basis in the tied sales network in Lublin.

The large-scale pilot rollout will commence in **January 2014**; subsequently, the rollout will be phased in by the following geographic areas.

By yearend 2014 we will rollout **tied channels** (tied agents and PZU Branches – 11,500 end users).

In 2015 we will implement mass sales **external channels** (another 7,500 end users).

Starting in 2016 we will commence the rollout of **corporate business.**



Everest – Rollout Schedule for New Insurance Products



By yearend 2014 we will rollout **Motor**, **Residential** and selected **Non-Life** products.

We will launch **other mass products** from the outset of 2015.





In 2016 we will rollout **products for Corporate Clients.**

We have scheduled to finish the new policy system's rollout **by mid 2016.**

In Q3 2013 completed ERP Systems Optimization Project



Project's tasks:

- Replacing the insurance accounting system FKX to the ERP platform.
- The harmonization of product systems integration with the accounting system.
- Allowing further integration of product systems based on uniform standards.

Advantages:

- Lowering operational costs in accounting, purchase and real estate management departments by unification and automation processes in PZU Group.
- Decreasing development and maintenance costs by simplifying and enhancing the architecture of the ERP system version.

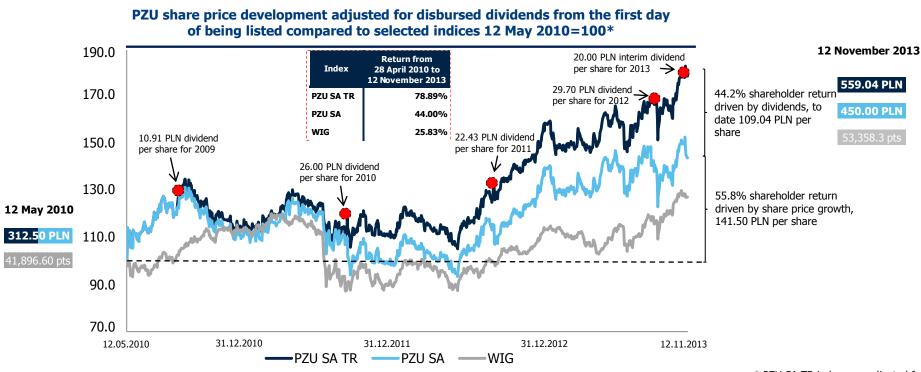
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PZU Shapes TSR through Share Price Growth and Dividend Disbursement





Dividend for year	bn PLN	Payout ratio	Dividend Yield**
2010	2.25	63.8%	8.4%
2011	1.94	75.0%	5.1%
2012	2.56	99.4%	6.6%
2013	1.70	34.0%	4.4%

- * PZU SA TR index was adjusted for disbursed dividends
- ** dividend yield calculated at the balance sheet date, while for the 2012 dividend payout and the 2013 interim dividend according to the share price on 12 November 2013 18

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PZU Group's Financial Highlights



m PLN, IFRS	Q1-Q3 2012	Q1-Q3 2013	Change YoY	Q3 2012	Q3 2013	<i>Change Q3 2013</i> <i>over Q3 2012</i>	Q2 2013	<i>Change Q3 2013</i> <i>over Q2 2013</i>
Profit and Loss Statement								
Gross Written Premium	12 159	12 403	2.0%	3 913	3 907	(0.1)%	4 069	(4.0)%
Premium Earned	11 949	12 240	2.4%	4 083	4 063	(0.5)%	4 070	(0.2)%
Investment Result	2 569	1 859	(27.7)%	1 045	889	(14.9)%	540	64.7%
Operating Profit	3 541	3 502	(1.1)%	1 405	1 357	(3.4)%	1 079	25.7%
Net Profit	2 840	2 767	(2.6)%	1 124	1 091	(3.0)%	838	30.2%
Balance Sheet								
Equity	13 801	12 682	(8.1)%	13 801	12 682	(8.1)%	13 289	(4.6)%
Total Assets	56 801	61 640	8.5%	56 801	61 640	8.5%	62 598	(1.5)%
Principal Financial Ratios								
ROE*	28.4%	27.4%	(1.0) p.p.	33.7%	32.4%	(1.3) p.p.	23.8%	8.6 p.p.
Combined Ratio**	90.7%	82.6%	(8.1) p.p.	91.0%	83.3%	(7.7) p.p.	87.4%	(4.1) p.p.

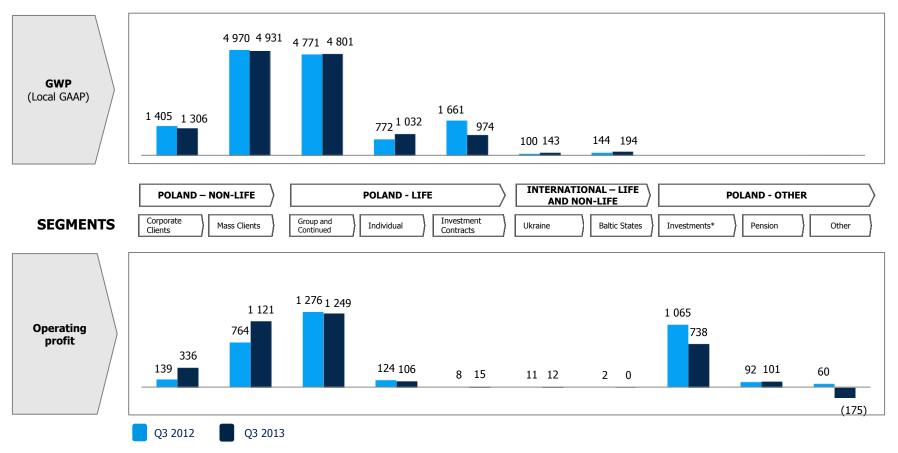
* Annualized ratio computed using equity at beginning and end of reporting period

** Only for non-life insurance business

High Profitability of Corporate and Mass Segments Accompanied by Low Investment Income



YTD, m PLN



* Investment income in Investment Segment – external operations

PZU

Profitability by Insurance Business Segment

Insurance Business Segments	Gross Written Premium				Operating Profit	Combined Ratio / Operating profit ratio*		
m PLN, local GAAP	Q1-Q3 2012	Q1-Q3 2013	Change YoY	Q1-Q3 2012	Q1-Q3 2013	Change YoY	Q1-Q3 2012	Q1-Q3 2013
Total Non-Life - Poland	6 374	6 237	(2.2)%	903	1 456	61.3%	90.2%	81.9%
Mass Insurance - Poland	4 970	4 931	(0.8)%	764	1 121	46.7%	88.9%	82.6%
Motor TPL Insurance	1 935	1 854	(4.2)%	221	355	60.6%	92.6%	86.7%
Motor Own Damage	1 196	1 162	(2.9)%	162	118	(27.0)%	84.9%	88.7%
Other products	1 839	1 916	4.2%	181	426	135.1%	87.6%	74.8%
Impact of investment segment allocation	х	x	X	200	222	10.8%	х	x
Corporate Insurance - Poland	1 405	1 306	(7.1)%	139	336	141.3%	95.1%	78.7%
Motor TPL Insurance	296	265	(10.6)%	(4)	4	X	101.4%	99.4%
Motor Own Damage	412	340	(17.5)%	90	94	4.8%	80.3%	74.9%
Other products	697	701	0.6%	(20)	150	X	104.3%	70.7%
Impact of investment segment allocation	х	x	X	73	88	20.5%	х	x
Total Life - Poland	5 543	5 832	5.2%	1 400	1 356	(3.2)%	25.3%	23.2%
Group and Continued ** - Poland	4 771	4 801	0.6%	1 095	1 145	4.6%	23.0%	23.9%
Individual - Poland	772	1 032	33.7%	124	106	(14.0)%	16.0%	10.3%
Conversion effect (local GAAP)	x	x	X	182	104	(42.7)%	х	х
Total Non-Life - Ukraine & Baltica	244	281	15.6%	13	10	(24.3)%	104.6%	102.0%
Ukraine Non-life	100	111	11.3%	11	9	(13.3)%	105.0%	100.7%
Baltica Non-life	144	171	18.5%	2	0	(83.5)%	104.3%	102.8%
Total - Life - Ukraine & Baltica	46	55	20.3%	0	2	x	0.7%	3.9%
Ukraine Life	27	32	15.9%	(0)	2	x	(1.6)%	7.4%
Lithuania Life	18	23	26.8%	1	(0)	x	4.1%	(0.8)%

* Combined ratio (calculated in relation to net earned premium) for non-life business, operating profit ratio (calculated in relation to GWP) for life business

** Operating profit ratio net of conversion effect (according to Polish GAAP)

Extraordinary Items Affecting the Results



YTD, m PLN

m PLN, IFRS	Q1-Q3 2012 Q1-Q3 2013		Impact exerted by converting long-tern yearly-renewable term contracts according terms and the second	
Operating Profit (according to financial statements)	3 540.8	3 502.4	2 Income under the settlement with a re	
including:			Green Card product – reversal of the ad estimates lowering the result in 2011.	justment to the
1 Conversion effect	170.4	104.0	U	utual funds –
2 Reinsurance agreement	-	53.2	primarily real estate funds.	
3 Consolidating investment funds	-	172.8	4 Lower result on contractual guarantees three quarters of 2012 following a series in the construction industry.	
4 Result on contractual guarantees in construction contracts	(117.1)	-		
5 Result on selling shares from AFS portfolio	101.0	-	5 Sale of listed equities from the AFS port which changes to their measurement we revaluation reserve in recent years.	

Group and Continued Business (Life Insurance)

Zmiana

rok do roku

0.6%

(21.4)%

4.3%

(51.6)%

(1.3)%

(6.5)%

(9.3)%



Primary Operating Profit Components in Group and Continued Life Insurance (m PLN)



Remarks

- GWP growth +0.6% y/y mainly due to expansion of risk portfolio in protection business (including riders to continued insurance) and higher average premium partly offset by lower sales of single premium business.
- Lower investment result in unit-linked products driven by worse conditions on the capital markets in the three quarters of 2013 compared to the previous year.
- Higher number of death claims in protection business and additionally higher surrenders in Employee Pension Schemes (PPE) (offset by decline in mathematical provision).
- Lower conversion ratio in type P group insurance.
- Lower growth of mathematical provisions in unit-linked products due to lower investment performance, higher surrenders in PPE and lower sales of short-term investment products in the bancassurance channel; moreover, lower growth of the mathematical provision in continued protection products as a result of the new type of continuation right introduced in 2012.
- Slight decline in acquisition expenses by limiting modifications to type P group insurance portfolio to maintain profitability.
- Lower administrative expenses driven by payroll cost restructuring and the absence of marketing expenses for rebranding this year.
- Lower operating profit caused by slower pace of conversion in type P group insurance; <u>net of this effect, this segment's margin</u> <u>improved.</u>

* Net claims paid plus movement of claims provisions

** Mathematical and other provisions, including conversion effect

Individual Insurance Segment (Life Insurance)

33.7%

(12.5)%

5.1%

55.5%

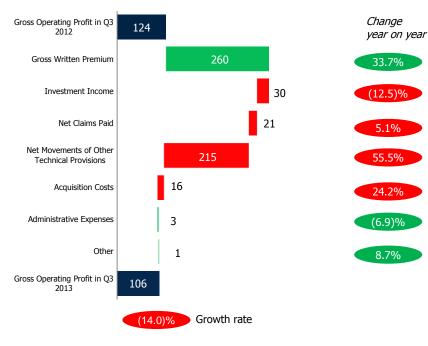
24.2%

(6.9)%

8.7%



Primary Operating Profit Components in the Individual Insurance Segment (m PLN)



Remarks

- GWP up 33.7% y/y mainly driven by high sales of investment products via the bancassurance channel.
- Lower investment performance in investment products as a result of worse conditions on the capital markets in the three guarters of 2013 compared to the previous year.
- Net claims up on higher surrenders in IKE (Individual Retirement Accounts) and the maturity of more tranches in structured products in the proprietary channel (offset by movement in the mathematical provision).
 - Higher growth of mathematical provisions coupled with higher sales of investment products in the bancassurance channel; partly offset by lower investment performance in the unit-linked portfolio and higher surrenders and endowment payments as described above.
- Acquisition expenses up y/y due to higher sales volume, primarily of unit-linked business with a high first year non-deferrable commission.
- Lower administrative expenses as the outcome of restructuring • payroll expenses and the absence of marketing expenses related to rebranding this year.
- Operating profit down primarily driven by the high sales of • investment products with a high single non-deferrable commission.

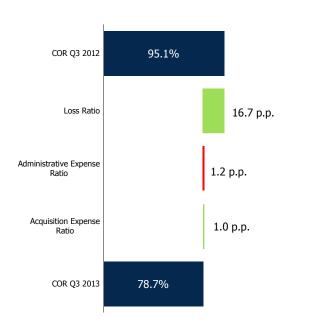
* Net claims paid including movement in claims provisions

** Mathematical and other provisions

Profitability of Corporate Segment (Non-Life Insurance)



Profitability of Corporate Segment Combined Ratio (COR - %)



Remarks

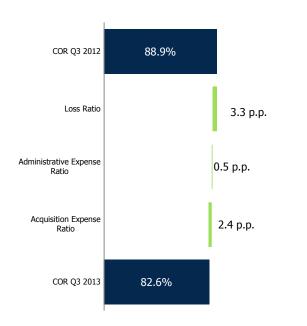
- Lower claims ratio:
 - Improvement in motor business on lower claims frequency (more favorable road conditions) and reducing the number of unprofitable clients (underwriting policy effect);
 - Optimization of claims handling processes and restrictive cost policy;
 - Claims paid down in financial insurance as a consequence of last year's high claims ratio (collapse of the construction sector in mid 2012) and implementation of a new pricing policy raising the bar in underwriting.
- Administrative expense ratio up as result of higher costs of on-going projects to optimize service processes i.e. implementing a new product system and enhancing the PZU Group's positive image.
- Acquisition expense ratio down following lower indirect acquisition costs

 in particular lower payroll expenses.

Profitability of Mass Segment (Non-Life Insurance)



Profitability of Mass Segment Combined Ratio (COR - %)

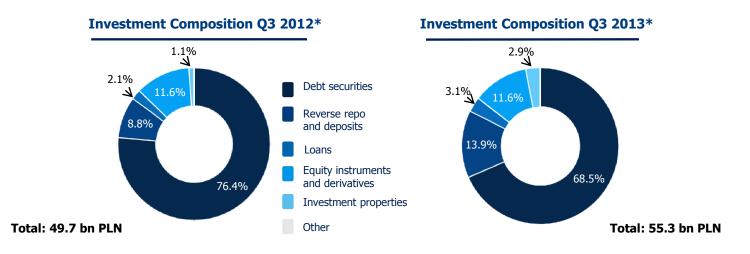


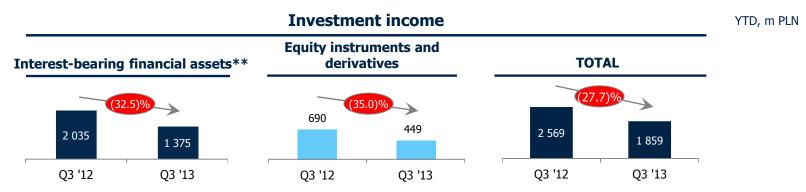
Remarks

- Claims ratio down following significantly lower level of claims caused by natural forces (adverse effects of overwintering and ground frost) in agricultural insurance and lower claims frequency in motor business.
- Administrative cost ratio down following decline in payroll expenses (effect of restructuring and reorganization) and advertising expenses (rebranding campaign in 2012).
- Acquisition expenses down as a result of higher reinsurance commissions after executing the Green Card settlement with a reinsurer (one-off effect on reinsurance commissions in Q1 2013 +73.3 m PLN, total impact on gross result in Q1 2013 +53.2 m PLN).

Decline of Debt Instrument Valuation Poor Conditions on Capital Markets







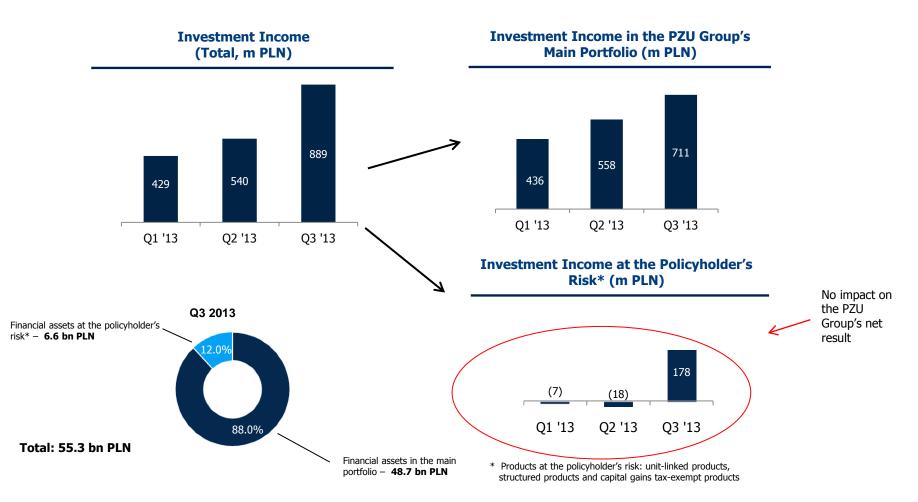
* Investments include financial assets, investment properties, negative valuation of derivatives.

** Investment income for interest-bearing instruments include results on bonds, reverse repo loans and deposits.

Low Profitability in Main Portfolio and at Policyholder's Risk



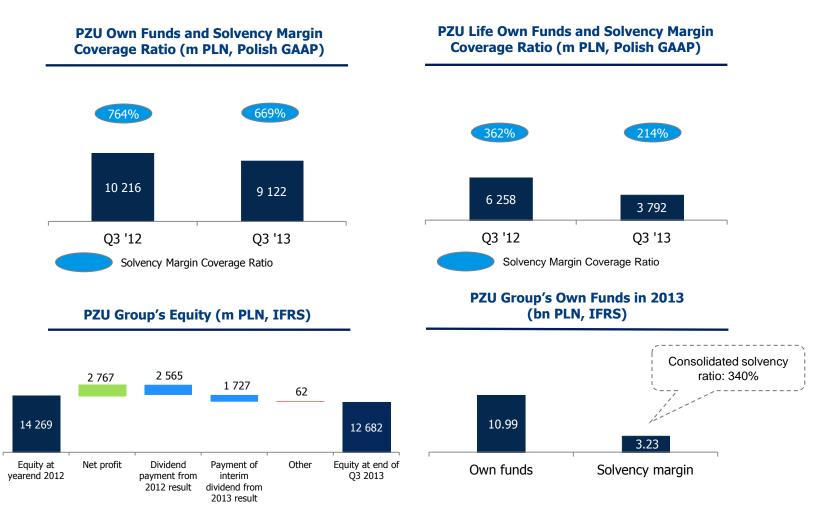
Net quarterly data



Robust Capitalization and Strong Solvency Ratios



YTD



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Questions and Answers



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